

Roll No. ....

**41255**

**B. Sc. (Hons.) Mathematics 4th Semester  
Examination – May, 2019**

**ELEMENTARY INFERENCE**

**Paper : BHM245 Opt-i**

*Time : Three hours ]*

*[ Maximum Marks : 60*

*Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.*

*Note : Attempt five questions in all, selecting one question from each Section. Question No. 9 (Unit - V) is compulsory.*

**UNIT - I**

1. (a) Define Parameter and Statistic. Also define sampling distribution and standard error of estimate.
- (b) For the geometric distribution,  $f(x, \theta) = \theta(1 - \theta)^{x-1}$ ,  $x = 1, 2, \dots$ ,  $0 < \theta < 1$ . Obtain an unbiased estimator of  $\frac{1}{\theta}$ .

P. T. O.

2. (a) Let  $\{T_n\}$  be a sequence of estimators such that for all  $\theta \in \Theta$  :

(i)  $E_{\theta}(T_n) \rightarrow r(\theta)$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$

(ii)  $\text{var}_{\theta}(T_n) \rightarrow 0$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$

Then  $T_n$  is a consistent estimator of  $r(\theta)$ .

(b) A random sample  $(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5)$  of size 5 is drawn from a normal population with unknown mean  $\mu$ . consider the following estimators to estimate  $\mu$  :

(i)  $t_1 = \frac{X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 + X_5}{5}$

(ii)  $t_2 = \frac{X_1 + X_2}{2} + X_3$

(iii)  $t_3 = \frac{2X_1 + X_2 + \lambda \times X_3}{3}$  where  $\lambda$  is such that

$t_3$  is an unbiased estimator of  $\mu$ . Find  $\lambda$ . Are  $t_1$  and  $t_2$  unbiased ? State giving reasons, the estimator which is best among  $t_1, t_2$  and  $t_3$ .

### UNIT - II

3. (a) Find the maximum likelihood estimate for the parameter  $\lambda$  of a Poisson distribution on the basis of a sample of size  $n$ . Also find its variance.

(b) Explain the following Terms

(i) Null hypothesis and alternative hypothesis

(ii) Type I and Type II errors

4. (a) State and prove Neyman - Pearson lemma

(b) Let  $x_2 \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ ,  $\mu$  unknown. To test  $H_0 : \mu = -1$  against  $H_1 : \mu = 1$ , based on a sample of size 10 from this population, we use the critical region

division. Are these figures commensurate with the general examination result which is in the ratio of 4:3:2:1 for various categories respectively ?

(b) A die is thrown 60 times with following results :

Face	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	8	7	12	8	14	11

Test at 5 % level of significance if the die is unbiased, assuming that  $P(\chi^2 > 11) = 0.05$  with 5 d.f.

8. (a) The mean weekly sales of soap bars in departmental stores was 146.3 bars per store. After an advertising the mean weekly sales in 22 stores for a typical week increased to 153.7 and showed a standard deviation of 17.2 was the advertising campaign successful ?
- (b) Write a short note on "Anova for one way classified data."

#### UNIT - V

9. (a) Write a short note on Efficiency.
- (b) Write a short notes on Sufficiency.
- (c) Write a short note on *one* tailed and *two* tailed tests.
- (d) Define level of significance.
- (e) Write a short note on estimation of a single proportion.
- (f) Write a short note on Analysis of variance two way classified data.